Legislative Fiscal Bureau Fiscal Note

HF 623 - Aggravated Misdemeanor Fines (LSB 2914 HV)

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Fiscal Note Version - New

Description

House File 623 relates to the imposition of a fine for certain criminal offenses. The Bill provides that the Court shall not suspend a fine imposed for an aggravated misdemeanor, a Class D, or Class C felony offense.

Assumptions

- 1. Charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends will not change over the projection period.
- 2. Prisoner length of stay, revocation rates, and other corrections policies and practices will not change over the projection period.
- 3. The law will become effective July 1, 2002. A lag effect of six months is assumed, from the law's effective date to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system. Therefore, the first-year fiscal impact is divided in half to account for the lag effect.
- 4. The analysis is based on information obtained from the Justice Data Warehouse, which includes statewide court information. Conviction and penalty information is based on FY 2001 data.
- 5. Based on correction data from the Justice Data Warehouse for FY 2001, there were 3,800 additional minimum fines imposed for aggravated misdemeanors, 3,400 additional fines imposed for Class D felonies, and 1,100 additional fines imposed for Class C felonies. The total increase would be approximately 8,300 convictions.
- 6. Convictions not currently involving a fine or community service would receive either the minimum mandatory fine or community service, at the ratio of finesto-community service currently imposed under current law.
- 7. Aggravated Misdemeanors: 9% of aggravated misdemeanors result in community service sentences, not a fine and community service fines.
- 8. Class D felony: 17% of Class D felonies result in community service sentences, not a fine and community service.
- 9. Class C felony: 18% of Class C felonies result in community service sentences, not a fine and community service.
- 10. The actual imposition of additional mandatory minimum fines and estimated revenue impact may be higher or lower than shown.
- 11. The collection rate applied to aggravated misdemeanors is 61%.

- 12. The collection rate applied to Class D felonies is 47%.
- 13. The collection rate applied to Class C felonies is 62%.
- 14. The 30% surcharge is applied in addition to the fine amount.

Fiscal Impact

House File 623 would increase General Fund revenues as follows:

				Victim		
	Compensation					
	Ge	eneral Fund		Fund		Total
Year 1	\$	699,000	\$	29,000		\$ 728,000
Year 2		2,046,000		85,000		2,131,000
Year 5		3,766,000		157,000		3,923,000

Sources

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights Judicial Branch

/s/ Dennis C Prouty	
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The fiscal note and correction impact statement for this bill was prepared pursuant to Joint Rule 17 and pursuant to Section 2.56, <u>Code of Iowa</u>. Data used in developing this fiscal note and correctional impact statement are available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.